Youth Participatory Action Research

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State of Arizona SNAP-Ed January 9, 2023



What are we doing together?

1

Introduction to Youth Participatory Action Research YPAR in Action Youth-Adult Partnerships

2

Curriculum Walk-Through Evaluation Q&A

What can you expect?

- Background for success
- Curriculum screenshots
- Examples
- Virtual trainings are differer Let's check-in!

What else?



- Prompt: What do you think participatory action research is?
- Use link/QR code to submit response.



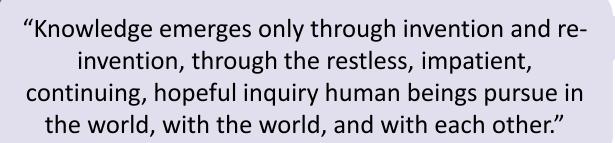


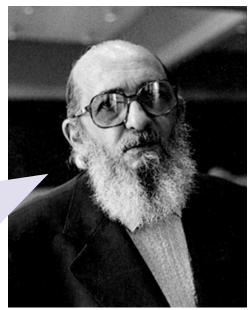
What is participatory research?

Community-Based Participatory Research (CBPR)

Participatory Action Research (PAR)

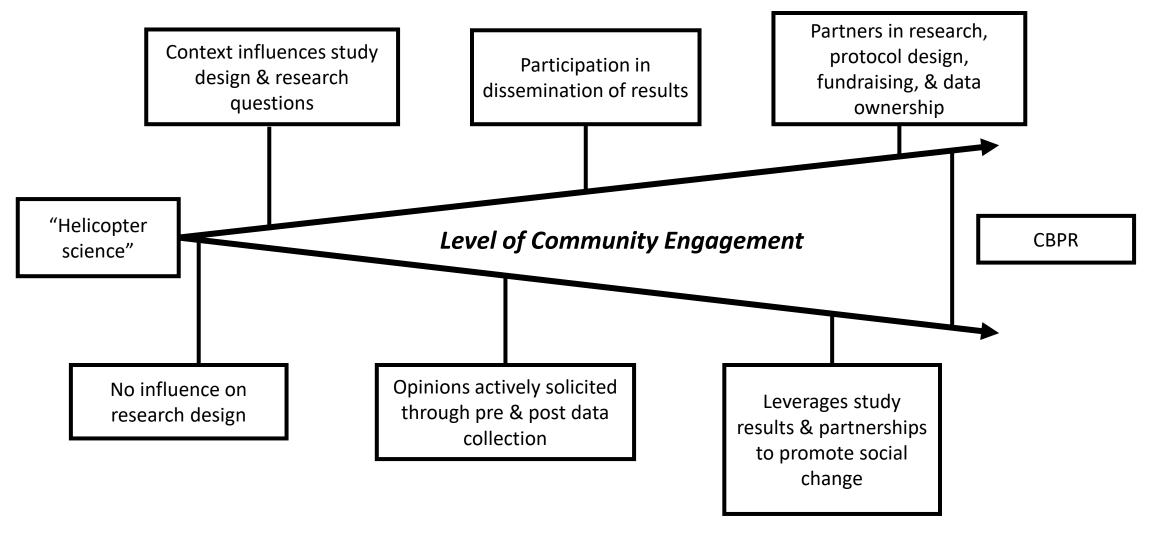
"You cannot understand a system until you try to change it."





From Study Participant...

...to Research Partner



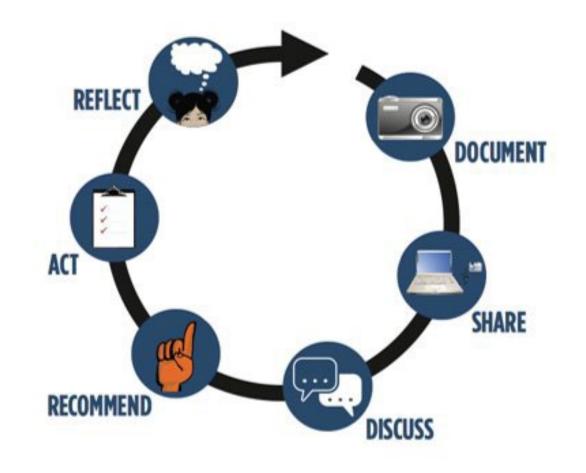
(Balzas & Morello-Frosch, 2013)

What is YPAR?

Inquiry-based

Participatory

Transformative









Teens in Action

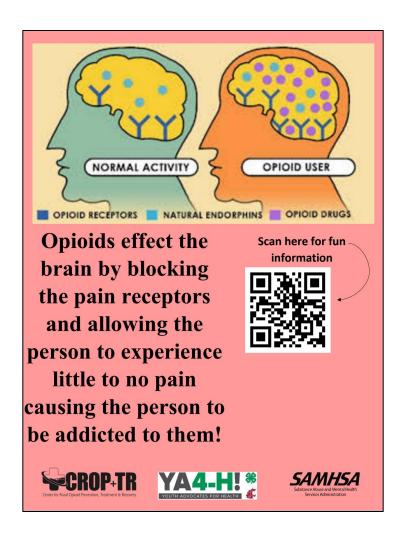
What does it look like?

- Youth as researchers (supported by adults)
- Based on research, interviews and reflection; YPAR Teen Interns divided into 3 groups. Each group created a unique project:
 - Traveling Opioid Medicine Cabinet
 - 8th grade Health Class Curriculum
 - Fundraiser for Volunteers of America











Who benefits from YPAR?

Researchers

- Provides "insider" perspective
- More accurate responses

Community

Valued by youth-serving organizations

Youth

- Psychological empowerment
- Motivation for change
- Decision-making and problem-solving skills
- Understanding of sociopolitical

environment

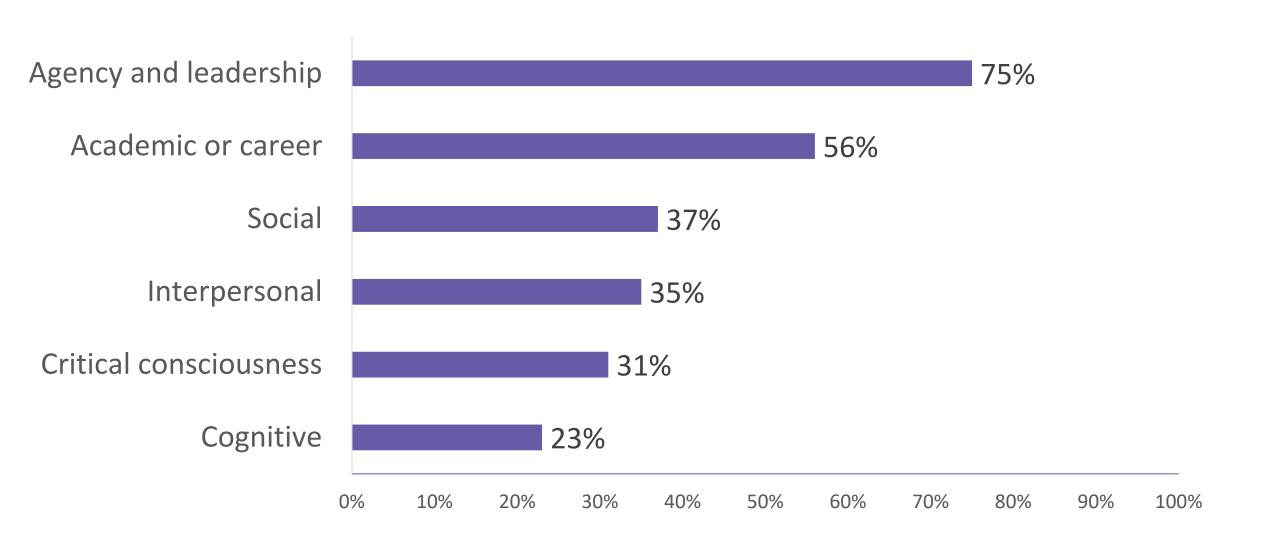
- Sense of purpose
- Adult support
- Attitudes toward school

What changes do we see in youth?

Teens reported **significant** increases between **pretest** and **posttest** in all areas except motivation to influence. Largest gains were seen in participatory behavior.

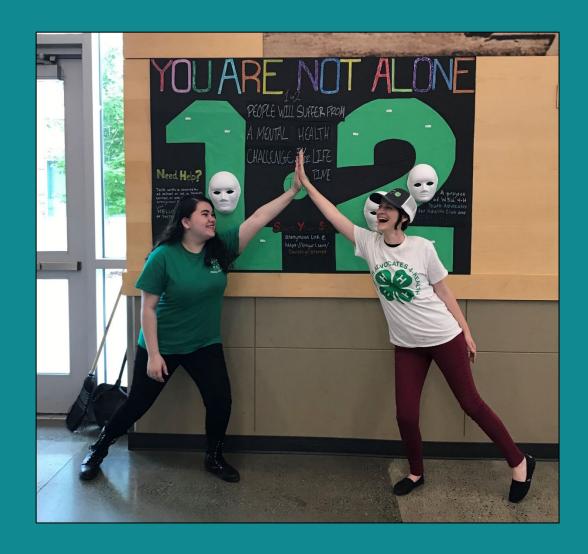


What skills do youth develop?



(Anyon, Bender, Kennedy, & Dechants, 2018)





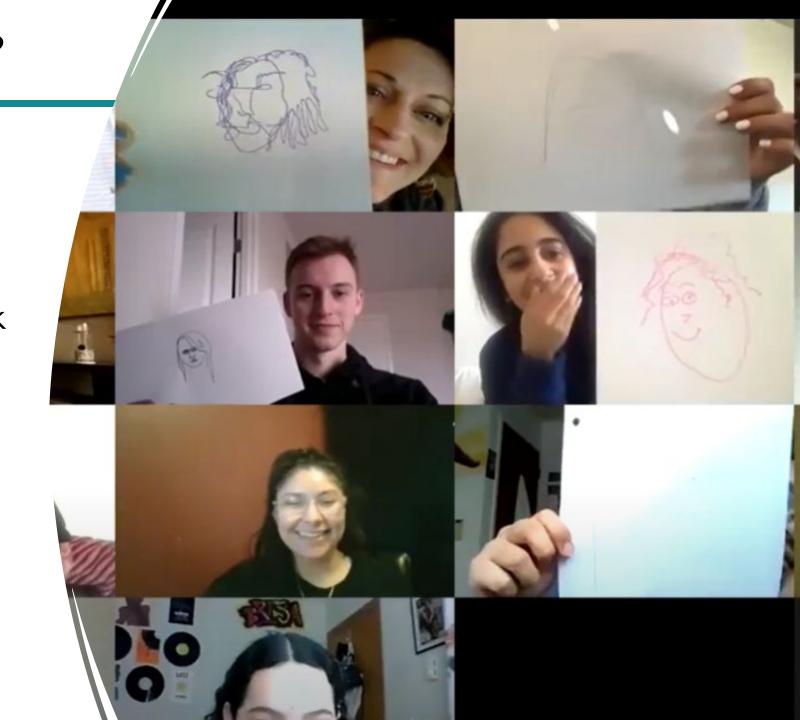
Teens in Action



What do youth do?

Teens reported:

- talking to family members about the dangers of opioids
- encouraging family to seek other pain management options when offered opioids
- translating warning label information for Spanishspeaking parents



What do youth say?

"People turn a blind eye to addiction. They feel they can't help because they don't know how. Making people aware is the most impactful way to help others."

"I never realized how hard recovery is. This project helped us all realize that this is not a simple issue—it's extremely complicated. I'm going to keep doing my part by helping people learn be more compassionate and give that helping hand."



What are the core components?

Iterative integration of research and action

Training and practice of research skills

Practice of strategic thinking and discussing strategies for influencing change

Building of supportive networks in community

Adult's sharing of power with youth in the research and action process

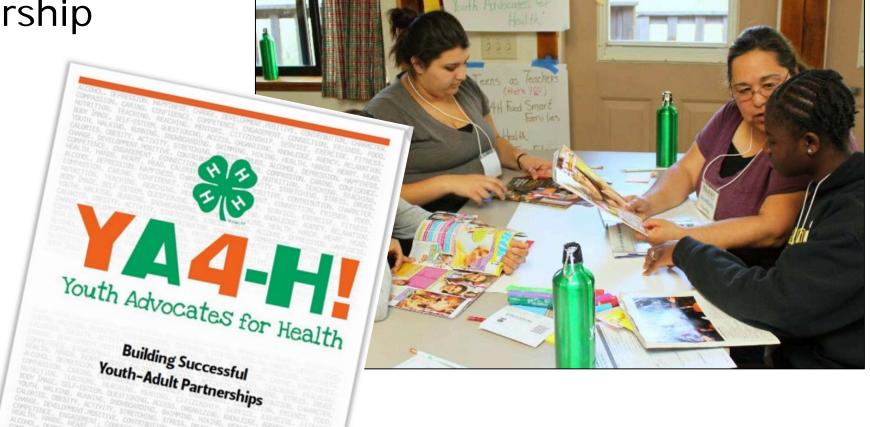
How do you best share power with youth?

Oregon State University Extension Service College of Public Health and Human Sciences

 Need to have a foundation of youth-adult partnership

1. Youth voice

2. Supportive adult



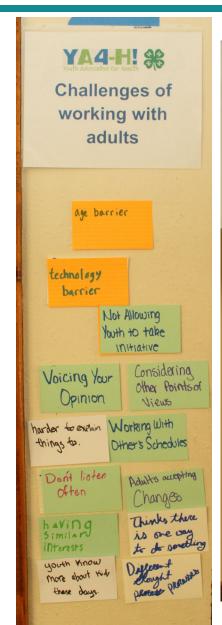
What do adults say?



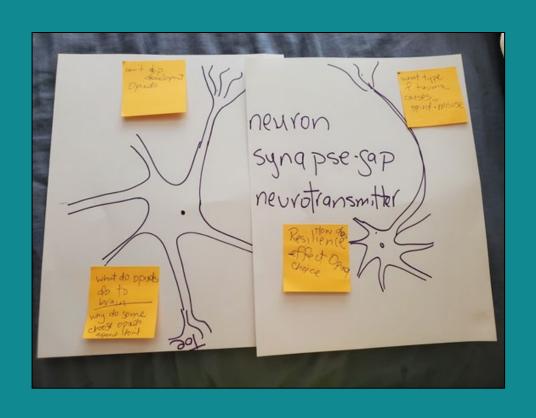




What do youth say?







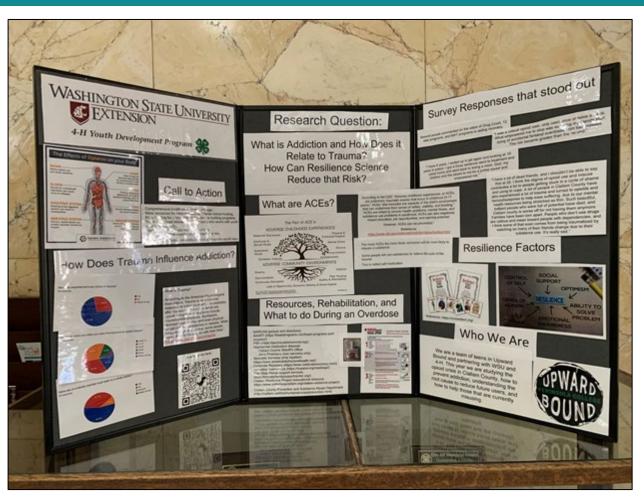


Teens in Action

What does it look like?

Call to Action

- Comprehensive health education from an early age
- More resources for mental health
- More funding for prevention and resilience building programs
- Trauma informed education for those working with youth Education on what healthy relationships look like
- Education for doctors on addiction and appropriate opioid uses



See the whole slideshow here:

https://extension.wsu.edu/clallam/4h/youthadvocates-for-health-ya4-h/

What are the levels of youth engagement?

Organizing and Governing

Youth-initiated Leadership Youth-initiated Partnership

Adult-initiated, Shared Decisionmaking

Informed Dialogue Assigned but Informed

What are the levels of youth engagement?

Organizing and Youth-initiated Youth-initiated Governing Leadership Partnership Adult-initiated, Informed Assigned but Shared Decision-Dialogue Informed making

How do I know I'm/we're ready?

Youth

- Capacity
- Readiness
- Goals
- Strengths

Adult

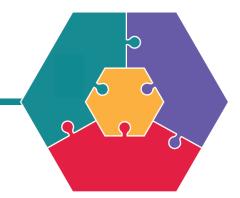
- Capacity
- Readiness
- Goals
- Strengths

Organization

- Capacity
- Readiness
- Goals
- Strengths



How do I know I'm/we're ready?



Youth

- Capacity
- Readiness
- Goals
- Strengths

Youth voices are shared and valued.

Youth have key leadership roles or responsibilities.

Adults understand youth development.
Adults support youth with appropriate boundaries.

Adult

- Capacity
- Readiness
- Goals
- Strengths

Organization

- Capacity
- Readiness
- Goals
- Strengths

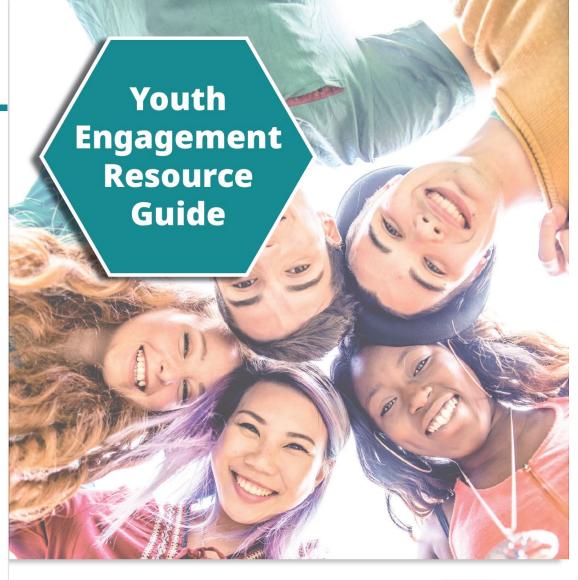
The organization has youth engagement policies.
The organization provides services tailored to meet the needs of youth.

Show me the guide!



https://doi.org/10.7273/000005214

https://bit.ly/WSU-YERG



Suggested Citation: Weybright E., White A., Greer M., Fees J., & Watters C. (2023). *Youth Engagement Resource Guide.* Washington State University Extension. doi: 10.7273/000005214

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Just one more example.

LOCAL ENVIRONMENT, 2017 VOL. 22, NO. 7, 791-808 http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/13549839.2016.1274721



- Developed new awareness
- Took action
- Achieved social justice outcomes

Food justice youth development: using Photovoice to study un

Krista Harper (i) a Catherine Sands (ii) b Diego Angarita Horowitz (ii) c Molly Totman (ii) and Nick Alagre Monica Maitín (atnerine Sangs , Diego Angarita morowitz , Molly Ion , Jazmin Colone and Nick Algere Department of Anthropology and The School of Public Policy, University of Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Department of Anthropology and The School of Public Policy, University of Massachusetts Amnerst, Amnerst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amnerst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst, Massachus USA; "Fertile Ground and Stockbridge School of Agriculture, University of Massachusetts Amherst, Amherst, MA, Springfield. MA. USA: "Nuestras Raíces Youth Leader Alumni. Holvoke. MA. USA; "Caring Health Center," Springfield, MA, USA; *Nuestras Raíces Youth Leader Alumni, Holyoke, MA, USA

ABSTRACT
How do youth learn through participation in efforts to study and change the school food suctam? Through our participatons vouth action recearch How do youth learn through participation in enorts to study and change to sum and change havond the "youth ac consumer" frame to a the school food system? Inrough our participatory youth action research (YPAR) project, we move beyond the "Youth as consumer" frame to a aroun (YPAR) project, we move beyong the "youth as consumer" frame to a of youth learned shout food and the public policy process through their of youth learned about food and the public policy process through their order conducting a or youth learned about 100d and the public policy process through their own school food systems by conducting a forte in collaboration with participatory evaluation of farm-to-school efforts in collaboration with University and Community partners. We used the Photovoice research method, placing cameras in the hands of young people so that they method, placing cameras in the hands or young people so that they themselves could document and discuss their concerns and insight about youther themselves

perspectives. The research was designed to gain insight about youths'

and community food cyctems Drawing Upon perspectives. The research was designed to gain insignt about youtns the world incide the huild a framework for building critical the youth group's insights, we build a framework for building critical

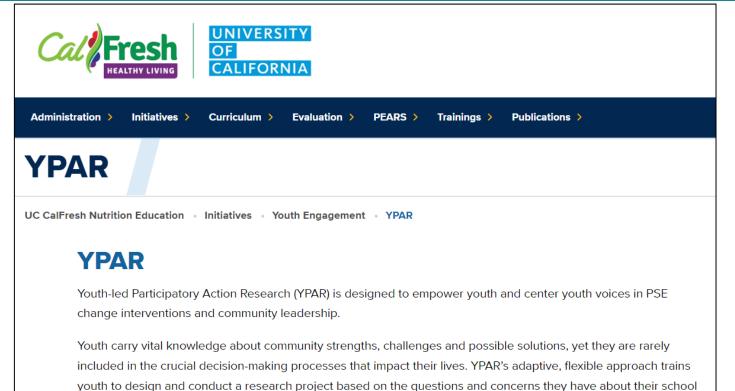
ARTICLE HISTORY

Received 13 April 2016 Accepted 2 December 2016

KEYWORDS

Participatory action research; youth; food justice; urban communities; school food systems; civic engagement

Why haven't we gotten to the curriculum yet?



and/or community. Youth researchers then use their findings to propel social action and champion for relevant PSE

advocating for a share table and refrigerator to redistribute unwanted items; and youth researching food access in

Some examples of YPAR projects include youth researching water access and appeal at their school and advocating for the installation of new water stations; youth researching food waste in their lunchroom and

changes related to nutrition and physical activity.

their community and advocating for an expanded school garden.

Findings

- Importance of youth development background
- Need for YPAR background
- Ongoing support from supervisors

https://uccalfresh.ucdavis.edu/initiatives/ye/ypar

Why haven't we gotten to the curriculum?





Administration > Initiatives > Curriculum > Evaluation > PEARS > Trainings > Publication

YPAR

UC CalFresh Nutrition Education • Initiatives • Youth Engagement • YPAR

YPAR

Youth-led Participatory Action Research (YPAR) is designed to empower youth and center change interventions and community leadership.

Youth carry vital knowledge about community strengths, challenges and possible solution included in the crucial decision-making processes that impact their lives. YPAR's adaptive, youth to design and conduct a research project based on the questions and concerns the and/or community. Youth researchers then use their findings to propel social action and cl changes related to nutrition and physical activity.

Some examples of YPAR projects include youth researching water access and appeal at the advocating for the installation of new water stations; youth researching food waste in their advocating for a share table and refrigerator to redistribute unwanted items; and youth restheir community and advocating for an expanded school garden.



Home » Curriculum Information & Resources » Youth Participatory Action Research Projects (YPAR)

Introduction to the Curriculum

Youth Participatory Action Research Projects (YPAR) engage middle and high school youth (ages 12-18) in projects that address and promote nutrition and physical activity issues in their community. YPAR aims to empower youth and achieve environmental changes related to health and nutrition. An adult ally works with the youth to help mentor, support, and facilitate the youth team. Through YPAR, youth engage in leadership, critical thinking, problem solving, strategizing skills, and lead to learning how to address their target issue related to nutrition and physical activity.

YPAR projects consist of a project coordinator, adult ally and youth team. Due to the nature of the approach, no two YPAR projects will look the same.

YPAR is based on a variety of social learning, popular education, health promotion, and youth development theories. Key principles of the approach include:

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YPAR in Action
Youth-Adult Partnerships

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Curriculum Walk-Through Evaluation Q&A

Thank you!

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